

3 a) Write two true and two false sentences about the Indians. Use these verbs in the Past Simple Tense.

Example:

The Indian groups didn't meet all their basic needs from the land around them.

The Indians ate the plants and animals that lived in the area.

to meet, to eat, to find, to cook, to gather, to sit, to bring, to carry, to grow, to dry, to play, to keep, to enjoy

b) Work in pairs. Pupil A reads his/her sentence. Pupil B says, if it is true or false.


Example:

A: *The Indian groups didn't meet all their basic needs from the land around them.*

B: *False! The Indian groups met all their basic needs from the land around them.*

4 Play a team game. Make sentences using words from your "word bank" below. You can use words more than once. Take turns to say a sentence. The team with the most correct sentences is the winner! The teacher is the referee!

Team A	Team B
animals/area/culture/ needs/meals/from/toys/ with/mother/cup/ nearby/inside/ buffalo/cook/bring	plants/tribes/language/ land/games/ around/ fire/some/horn/ bucket/carry/make/ tepee/spoon/leather

5  Read, complete and write down the text. Use the correct form of these verbs: to change, to have (2), to learn (2), to be, to help, to study.

Old Ways and New

Today the life of Indians _____ a mix of old ways and new. Their traditional artcrafts are still important in the community, but the ways of making things _____. The Indians now _____ motor boats and other new tools which _____ them catch fish. They _____ cars to get to the place they need. In school, Indian children _____ the same subjects as other children in the United States. They also _____ about the culture of their tribe. For example, they _____ about woodcarving or making jewelry.